15

20

25

## **CLAIMS**

## What is claimed is:

- A method for detecting the presence or absence of a prokaryotic microorganism in a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a. identifying a protease that is unique to the prokaryotic microorganism;
  - b. providing a quenched labeled substrate specific for said protease; and
  - c. providing the sample; and
- d. determining the presence or absence of a detectable label.
  - 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the quenched label is selected from the group consisting of fluorescent labeled peptide and colorimetric labeled peptide.
  - The method of claim 2 wherein the means for determining is a colorimeter or fluorimeter.
    - 4. A method for detecting a plurality of pathogenic microorganisms in a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
      - a. identifying a protease that is unique to the prokaryotic microorganism;
      - b. providing a quenched labeled broad spectrum substrate for said protease;
      - c. providing the sample; and
      - d. determining the presence or absence of a detectable label.
    - A method of using broad spectrum fluorescent or colorimetric labeled peptides to recognize a bacterial species by detecting the conjugated peptide with a colorimeter or fluorimeter.

5

10

15

- 6. A device for capturing and releasing bacteria from solid or liquid extracts comprising protein encapsulated starch or Styrofoam.
- A device for capturing and releasing bacteria from a sample, said device comprising a pellet and a layer of antibodies entrapped in gelatin surrounding said pellet.
  - 8. A sensor for detection of bacteria in a sample, said device comprising packaging material having a first side proximal to said sample and having a second side; and a dye labeled substrate for the bacteria wherein said dye labeled substrate is attached to said first side.
  - 9. A method for using an alpha-crystallin type protein comprising the steps of:
    - (a) expressing and purifying the recombinant alpha-crystallin type protein; and
    - (b) adding the alpha-crystallin type protein to a solid phase or a liquid phase assay containing a dye labeled peptide in an amount sufficient to reduce proteolysis of said dye labeled peptide.